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QUESTION 55

Order: 1000 ml of D5W to run for 12 hours. Using a micro drip set calculate the drops per minute (gtts/min):

- * 20 gtts/min
- * 45 gtts/min
- * 60 gtts/min
- * 83 gtts/min

QUESTION 56

When checking the capillary refill time of a patient's extremity, the color returns in 7

seconds. The nurse recognizes this finding as indicative of:

- * A normal response
- * Thrombus formation in the veins
- * Lymphatic obstruction of venous return
- * Impaired arterial flow to the extremities

QUESTION 57

A patient is ordered 75mg of pethidine which comes in an ampoule of 100mg/2ml. What would the nurse do with the remaining pethidine after drawing up the required dose?

- * Lock up the remaining dose in the medication cupboard to use later
- * Ask a fellow staff nurse to witness the disposal of the remaining drug
- * Use the remaining dose within 2 hours for another patient
- * Pour the remaining dose down the nearest sink

QUESTION 58

A patient with a history of angina pectoris arrives in emergency complaining of headache, visual disturbances and feeling dizzy. Your nursing assessment also notes he looks flushed, is perspiring profusely and is experiencing palpitations. You should suspect:

- * An overdose of sublingual nitroglycerin
- * The onset of a myocardial infarction
- * The patient has been over exercising
- * The beginning of a severe chest infection

QUESTION 59

Collection urine bag should be emptied as necessary and at least every 8 – 9 hours to prevent:

- * Pooling of urine in the tube
- * Reflux of urine into the bladder
- * Pulling on catheter
- * Bacterial contamination

QUESTION 60

A patient presents to the emergency department with diminished and thready pulses, hypotension and an increased pulse rate. The patient reports weight loss, lethargy, and decreased urine output. The lab work reveals increased urine specific gravity. The nurse should suspect:

- * Renal failure
- * Sepsis
- * Pneumonia
- * Dehydration

QUESTION 61

An elderly patient is admitted to the hospital with swollen ankles. The best way to limit edema of the feet is for the nurse to:

- * Restrict fluids
- * Apply bandages
- * Elevate the legs
- * Do passive range of motion exercises (ROM)

QUESTION 62

The best time for the nurse to teach an anxious patient about the patient controlled

analgesic (PCA) pump would be during which of the following stages of patient care?

- * Post-operative
- * Pre-operative
- * Intraoperative
- * Post anesthesia

QUESTION 63

Pain management for terminally ill patients is most effective when analgesics are given:

- * Around the clock
- * Only when clearly needed
- * After non-pharmacological methods fail
- * As the patient requests them

QUESTION 64

The correct way to trim the toe nails of a patient with diabetes is to:

- * Cut the nails in a curve and then file
- * Cut the nails straight across and then file
- * File the nails straight across and square only
- * File the nails in a curved arch with low sides only

QUESTION 65

The immediate treatment for ventricular fibrillation is:

- * Precordial blow
- * Defibrillation
- * Bolus of lidocaine
- * Ventricular pacing

QUESTION 66

A 3-month-old infant is admitted with a diagnosis of ventricular septal defect. The physical assessment for this infant would reveal:

- * High pitched cry
- * Harsh heart murmur
- * Bradycardia
- * Hypertension

QUESTION 67

A patient who sustained a chest injury has a chest tube inserted which is connected to an under water seal drainage system. When caring for this patient the nurse will:

- * Instruct the patient to limit movement of the affected shoulder
- * Observe for fluctuation of the water level
- * Clamp the tube when needed
- * Administer hourly analgesia

QUESTION 68

A nurse prepares a narcotic analgesic for administration, but the patient refuses to take it. Which of the following actions by the nurse is most appropriate?

- * Encourage the patient to reconsider taking the medication
- * Label the medication and replace it for use at a later time
- * Discard the medication in the presence of a witness and chart the action
- * Call the physician with the patient's refusal to take the prescribed medication

QUESTION 69

The best example of documentation of patient teaching regarding wound care is:

- * "The patient was instructed about care of wound and dressing changes";
- * "The patient demonstrated correct technique of wound care following instruction";
- * "The patient and family verbalize that they understand the purposes of wound care";
- * "Written instructions regarding wound care and dressing changes were given to the patient";

The best HAAD-RN exam study material and preparation tool is here:

<https://www.vceprep.com/HAAD-RN-latest-vce-prep.html>